12

# Media and Information Literacy

Government Property NOT FOR SALE

## Quarter 4 - Module 8: Massive Open Online Course



#### Media and Information Literacy– Grade 12 Alternative Delivery Mode Quarter 4 – Module 8: Massive Open Online Course First Edition, 2019

**Republic Act 8293, section 176** states that: No copyright shall subsist in any work of the Government of the Philippines. However, prior approval of the government agency or office wherein the work is created shall be necessary for exploitation of such work for profit. Such agency or office may, among other things, impose as a condition the payment of royalties.

Borrowed materials (i.e., songs, stories, poems, pictures, photos, brand names, trademarks, etc.) included in this book are owned by their respective copyright holders. Every effort has been exerted to locate and seek permission to use these materials from their respective copyright owners. The publisher and authors do not represent nor claim ownership over them.

Published by the Department of Education Secretary: Leonor Magtolis Briones Undersecretary: Diosdado M. San Antonio Assistant Secretary: Alma Ruby C. Torio

Development Team of the Module					
Authors: Gary R. Ramos					
Editor: Romalyn A. Rizardo					
Reviewers: Mary Ann A. Javier, Amalia C. Solis and Julius J. Jardiolin					
Management Team: Malcolm S. Garma, Regional Director					
Genia V. Santos, CLMD Chief					
Dennis M. Mendoza, Regional EPS In-Charge of LRMS Micah S. Pacheco, Regional ADM Coordinator Aida H. Rondilla, CID Chief Lucky S. Carpio, Diviision EPS In-Charge of LRMS and ADM Coordinator					

#### **Printed in the Philippines**

#### Department of Education – Bureau of Learning Resources (DepEd-BLR)

Office Address:	DepEd Complex, Meralco Ave., Pasig City, Metro Manila
Telefax:	(+632)8636-1663   8633-1942   8635-9817   8638-7530   8638-7531
	8638-7529
	(+63919) 456-0027   (+63995) 921 8461
E-mail Address:	action@deped.gov.ph

12

# Media and Information Literacy Quarter 4 – Module 8: Massive Open Online Course

This instructional material was collaboratively developed and reviewed by educators from public and private schools, colleges, and or/universities. We encourage teachers and other education stakeholders to email their feedback, comments, and recommendations to the Department of Education at action@deped.gov.ph.

We value your feedback and recommendations.

### **Introductory Message**

#### For the facilitator:

This module was collaboratively designed, developed, and reviewed by educators to guide you, the teacher or facilitator, in helping the learners meet the standards set by the Department of Education. This module primarily aims to help the learners understand the lessons in Media and Information Literacy based on the *Most Essential Learning Competencies* and see their relevance to real-life through a fun-filled learning experience. This module hopes to engage the learners in guided and independent self-learning activities at their own pace and time. Furthermore, this also aims to help learners acquire the necessary 21<sup>st</sup>-century skills while considering their needs and circumstances.

As a facilitator, you are expected to orient the learners on how to use this module. You also need to keep track of the learners' progress while allowing them to manage their own learning. Furthermore, you are expected to encourage and assist the learners as they do the tasks included in the module.

#### For the learner:

Welcome to the Media and Information Literacy Grade 12 Alternative Delivery Mode (ADM) Module. This module was designed to provide you with fun and meaningful opportunities for guided and independent learning at your own pace and time. You will be enabled to process the contents of the module while being an active learner.

Specifically, this module aims to help you to describe the impact of massive open online – its advantages and implications.

This module contains the following parts: a. *What I Need to Know* (Introduction and Learning Objectives), b. *What I Know* (Pretest), c. *What's In* (Review), d. *What's New* (Introductory activity), e. *What Is It* (Content Discussion), f. *What's More* (Enrichment Activities), g. *What I Have Learned* (Generalization), h. *What I Can Do* (Application), i. *Assessment* (Posttest), *Additional Activities, Answer Key*, and *References*.

To enjoy learning about the lesson, you must set aside all other tasks that will disturb you while answering the module. Use the module with care. Do not put unnecessary mark/s on any part of the module. Follow carefully all the contents and instructions indicated on every page of this module. Take note of the significant concepts you find in the lesson, which you may use for future references. Keep in mind to USE SEPARATE SHEETS OF PAPER in doing all the provided activities to meet all the lesson's objectives. If you encounter any difficulty in answering the tasks in this module, do not hesitate to consult your facilitator. After accomplishing all the activities, let your facilitator/guardian assess your answers. The success in accomplishing this module depends on your will and grit. Keep going and enjoy learning!



### What I Need to Know

This module was designed and written to help you understand the concept and the types of one of the current trends in media and information which is the massive open online course. Knowing the nature of massive open online course including the advantages and limitations could help us to determine if a certain group of people or locality can utilize it. The scope of this module allows many different learning situations where students could identify their daily activities where aspects of massive open online course are being used. The use of language recognizes the diverse vocabulary levels of students. The lessons are arranged to follow the standard sequence of the course but the order in which you read them can be changed to correspond with the textbook you are now using.

After going through this module, you are expected to describe the impact of massive open online (MIL11/12 CFT-IIIi-26).



Read and answer each question carefully. Write the letter of the best answer on a separate sheet of paper.

- 1. Which of the following pertains to the knowledge or skill acquired by a person through instruction or study?
  - A. Book C. Learning B. Reference D. Collaboration
- 2. Which term means "able to move easily from place to place"? C. Web site A. Accessibility
  - B. Mobile
- D. Blog 3. Which is NOT a major massive open online course (MOOC) provider?
  - C. Udacity A. Coursera
  - B. Wikipedia
- 4. What are the two main types of massive open online course (MOOC)?
  - A. xMOOCs and cMOOCs
  - B. aMOOCs and bMOOCs

D. sMOOCs and IMOOCs

C. xMOOCs and yMOOCs

- 5. What is defined as occurring or existing now? A. Upcoming
- C. Simultaneous

D. EdX

B. Potential D. Current

- 6. Which is NOT an advantage of massive open online course (MOOC)?
  - A. Feasibility

- C. Repetition
- D. With strict class schedules B. Affordable
- 7. What is referred to as a segment appearing as part of an online publication that typically relates to a subject, and sometimes contain articles and personal commentary by one or several authors?
  - A. Video

C. Twitter

D. Blog

C. Online

- B. Recording
- 8. What is described as a group of world wide web pages usually containing

hyperlinks to each other and made accessible online by a person, company, institution, government agency, or organization?

- A. Blog
- B. Web site D. Channel 9. What do you call a model for delivering learning content online to anyone who
  - needs to take a learning course with no limit in attendance and participation?
    - A. Browsing

- C. 3D Environment D. Wearable Technology
- B. Massive Open Online Course 10. Which of the following pertains to the quality of being reached, used, or seen?
  - A. Accessibility

D. Usability

C. Attainability

B. Permissively

6

You might not know it, but when your parents were younger, information was much harder, and more expensive, to come by. For information on a wide variety of topics, one had to consult an *encyclopedia*, a multi-volume collection of books with alphabetically arranged topics. For word meanings, one used a dictionary which could be pocket-sized and concise or massive and comprehensive. For more complete information on a subject, there were textbooks and trade books. Except textbooks, which were widely available wherever they were required in school, these sources of information were mostly seen in public and private libraries.

The information contained in books were relatively stable, that is, they do not change much over time, and new editions may not come for years. For new findings from academic research, one read journal publications and similar periodicals, which were available in university libraries. But, to keep abreast of current affairs, one read newspapers, listened to radio, or watched television.

The 21<sup>st</sup> century has brought many technological advancements that led to the development of the different modes of transmitting and getting information. Products of technology have also resulted in a paradigm shift in the field of education – from the traditional use of printed information such as books, journals, magazines, encyclopedia and dictionary to using their digital or online versions. Now, information may also be gathered from reliable and credible websites and how-to videos on YouTube, all found using search engines such as Google, Yahoo, and Bing. The use of technology has also influenced the behavior of people towards choosing the format and path of getting information, shifting from the traditional classroom set-up to online-based learning, thus, making it easier to gain knowledge anytime and anywhere.





 $https://www.flickr.com/photos/88031504 @N00/2368123528 \quad https://www.flickr.com/photos/tim_ellis/32824895204 \\ https://www.flickr.com/photos/tim_ellis/3289489 \\ https://www.flickr.com/photos/tim_ellis/3289489$ 

This module will discuss one of the current trends in media and information dissemination the Massive Open Online Course (MOOC), and how it influences the behavior of people when it comes to learning new information.



What's In

#### **KWL Chart**

To check your prior knowledge about the topic and to solicit the questions that you want to know about it, fill in the Know and Want to Know components of the Know-Want to Know- Learned (KWL) chart properly and correctly. For the Know component, you may write word/s or sentence. For the Want to Know component, state your responses in question form. List as many responses as you want for each component. Write your responses on a separate sheet of paper.

Торіс	Know	Want to Know	Learned
Massive Open Online Course (MOOC)			

#### **Guide Questions**

- 1. Based on what you have written on the Know component of the chart, what do you know about Massive Open Online Course (MOOC)?
- 2. If you were to think of a question that you want to ask about Massive Open Online Course (MOOC), what question would that be?

#### Let's have some fun! - Word Hunt Activity

A password is needed to log in to a computer. Codes are listed below inside the term bank that could be used to determine the password of the computer. Encircle all the codes in the puzzle completely and properly.

_														_
Γ	А	Κ	G	Т	J	В	L	0	G	J	Α	0	Р	
	Ν	С	S	F	0	L	Ι	D	Х	В	Ν	Ν	Е	
	R	W	С	Ι	U	Μ	Κ	Т	F	Η	G	L	Ν	
	Е	С	Ν	Е	G	Κ	Ι	L	Р	0	Е	Ι	Α	
	Р	Μ	А	S	S	Ι	V	Е	F	G	L	Ν	S	
	Е	С	V	В	Ν	S	А	S	F	G	Ι	Е	Η	
	Т	Р	Ι	U	Y	Т	Ι	Е	D	G	С	Η	Κ	
	Ι	G	R	S	Ζ	Х	С	В	V	В	А	Ν	Μ	
	Т	Η	J	U	Y	G	D	Η	Ι	G	R	Η	Μ	
	Ι	Е	С	Ο	U	R	S	Е	F	L	Κ	Η	G	
	0	F	G	J	0	Р	Е	Ν	W	Е	Ι	G	Η	
	Ν	G	А	R	Y	R	Α	Μ	0	S	F	Т	G	
	U	0	F	Е	А	S	Ι	В	Ι	L	Ι	Т	Y	
	TERM BANK													
rse	<b>`</b>	- F	Slog					Rene	-titi	on			Mas	1128

Course	Blog	Repetition	Massive		
Online	Accessibility	Open	Feasibility		



What's New

#### Make Meaning: Internet Assisted Activity

Describe the given word in each item correctly. You may use the internet to find the meaning of the words.

	WORD	MEANING
1.	Massive	
2.	Open	
3.	Online	
4.	Course	
5.	Feasibility	
6.	Blog	
7.	Accessibility	
8.	Repetition	
9.	Asynchronous	



## Massive Open Online Course (MOOC)

MOOC is an acronym for *Massive Open Online Course*. The word "*massive*" means large number or amount, "*open*" means accessible to all, "*online*" means connected to or available through a system, and "*course*" means the act of moving in a path from point to point. Therefore, MOOC refers to a route or pattern of getting a content or information available through an online system that



https://www.pxfuel.com/en/free-photo-ebzbi

can be accessed by many people. MOOC is also described as a pattern for providing

learning information or content online to any person who needs to take up a course with no limit on attendance.

MOOCs are asynchronous web-based courses geared towards enabling several hundreds of students all over the world to enroll and learn from top world-renowned academic institutions at the same time. MOOCs deliver content via recorded video lectures, online readings, and online assessments, with various degrees of student-student and student-instructor interactions. Many MOOC-providers offer free courses, which entice more people to enroll. There are MOOCs that provide certificates of completion to the students; however, most of them do not count for college credit. The concept of MOOC was invented in 2008 by Dave Cormier, from the University of Prince Edward Island, for a course offered by the University of Manitoba, "Connectivism and Connective Knowledge", (https://whatis.techtarget.com/definition/massively-open-online-course-MOOC).

The learning material or video content used in an MOOC is created by an educational institution, usually a university or a college that offers such programs. The organization and administration operation of an MOOC are coordinated by active MOOC platforms (e.g. Coursera and edX). MOOCs were created from the idea of covering an entire university course online and thereby making it accessible to everyone in the world. The intent was to "democratize" educational content from elite universities.

#### Types of Massive Open Online Course (MOOC)

There are two main types of MOOCs:

#### 1. xMOOCs

xMOOC stands for eXtended MOOC. xMOOCs are based on traditional university course structures and make use of established teaching approaches and materials. Students will watch pre-recorded lectures, complete required readings, and participate in discussions as produced and managed by a course instructor or an instructional team from a higher education institution. These are typically self-contained and rarely utilize content external to the main content delivery and learning platform.

#### 2. cMOOCs

cMOOC stands for Connectivist MOOC. cMOOCs are based on the connectivist learning model that favors collaboration among learners as a form of active learning. Students in cMOOC work together to locate, evaluate, and contribute to the course content by uploading materials in the form of tweets, blog posts, wikis and others, to the course using the learning platform. A cMOOC instructor or instructional team facilitates learning by finalizing, aggregating, and assessing the students' contributions to the course. The following table illustrates the conceptual differences between cMOOCs and XMOOCs.

xMOOCs		cMOOCs
Scalability of provision (e.g.,	Massive	Community and Connections
offering university courses to a		
larger audience)		
Open access – Restricted license	Open	Open access and license
Individual learning in single	Online	Networked learning across
platform		multiple platforms and services
Acquire a curriculum of	Course	Develop shared practices,
knowledge & skills		knowledge and understanding

#### Advantages of Massive Open Online Course (MOOC)



https://www.igniteengineers.com/mooc-advantages-and-disadvantages/

- 1. Relax requirements MOOC can be taken by anyone who is interested in the subject matter and able to access the course, regardless of age, background, or location.
- 2. Video format availability Teaching in a modern video format (not just texts like those that you'd find in other e-learning courses).
- 3. Accessibility- learning content from top universities like Harvard, Stanford, etc. can be opened through online format.
- 4. Repetition- an MOOC will often run two or three times a year, ensuring that students would not miss their chance.

- 5. High quality- MOOCs are led by subject matter experts (SMEs) and supported by teaching assistants, so that students have access to first-rate educational resources.
- 6. Feasibility- an MOOC usually requires 1-2 hours of study a week for about 5 weeks, making learning doable even for busy students.
- 7. Self-paced- an MOOC enables students to work through the course materials and assessments at their own pace.
- 8. Online collaboration- learners across the globe work together on common goals without the need to meet each other in person.

#### What are some MOOC platforms?

There are already thousands of MOOCs from countless providers worldwide. Here are the top MOOC platforms.

- a. **Coursera** has over 20 million learners/participants. Courses were created by the universities of Stanford, Princeton, Yale, London, Munich, Zurich, and many more.
- b. **EdX** has around 10 million learners/participants. Courses were created from Harvard, MIT, Berkeley, and Oxford, among others.
- c. **Udacity** is created as an MOOC platform at Stanford. Now mostly programming courses in cooperation with industry partners such as Google, Facebook, or Daimler. Course topics include artificial intelligence and self-driving cars.
- d. **FutureLearn** is MOOC platform (UK-based) which includes various British and European universities. Courses offered are shorter in duration compared to others.



#### Activity: Creating your own Massive Open Online Course Material

Using your smartphone/laptop, create a Massive Open Online Course Material in the form of audio-visual presentation. The said material should focus on understanding corona virus and how this virus can be transmitted and prevented particularly at home and in school. The audio-visual material should not exceed 15 minutes. Use the audio-visual presentation rubric below to assess your output.

	INDICATORS					
CRITERIA	Expert (4 points)	Intermediate (3 points)	Novice (2 points)	Beginner (1 point)		
Organization	Information presented in a logical and very interesting sequence	Information presented in a logical sequence	Presentation jumps around and audience has difficulty following	Audience cannot understand presentation because of weak organization		
Design	All multimedia elements work well together and demonstrate excellent synthesis	Multimedia elements are appropriate and enhance the presentation	Selection of media elements are adequate	Shows poor selection of graphics, fonts, sound, and video		
Content	Covers the topic completely and in depth with a variety of resources. Encourages viewers to know more	Includes essential information and facts to give viewers an understanding of the topic	Includes some essential information with a few citations and facts	Includes little essential information and one or two facts		
Graphics	Graphics explain and reinforce message of presentation	Graphics vary and relate to presentation	Occasionally uses graphics, but rarely support presentation	Poor use of graphics or no graphics		
Sound	Excellent use of sound and music to reinforce message	Sound and music are used to convey message. Audio is clear.	Some use of sound, but poor quality. Audience has trouble understanding	Poor use of sound or no sound used		

#### **Rubric – Audio-Visual Presentation**

http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1.97.9516&rep=rep1&type=pdf



## What I Have Learned

The students will fill in the *Learned* component of the KWL chart to generalize the things they learned about the topic.

KWL Chart				
Торіс	Know	Want to Know	Learned	
Massive Open				
Online Course				



What I Can Do

#### **Work In Progress**

You are tasked to create a blog about the effects of Earthquake in your local community. Use the Blog Post rubric below to assess your output.

	INDICATORS					
CRITERIA	Expert (4 points)	Intermediate (3 points)	Novice (2 points)	Beginner (1 point)		
Purpose	The blog has a clear purpose to share and collect opinions and information about an important and interesting topic.	The purpose of the blog is to share information and the blogger's opinions about an important topic.	The blog is mostly about one topic, but sometimes the blogger gets off the subject.	The blog appears to be about unconnected topics and events.		
Content	The blog is fair and balanced. Blogger refers to information from a variety of viewpoints and draw original conclusions based on research.	The blog is fair. Blogger refers to information from more than one viewpoint and draw conclusions based on research.	The blogger tries to be fair in the blog, but the information presented is missing critical content. I try to draw conclusions, but sometimes my conclusions are not based on research.	The blogger presents one viewpoint on the topic. Do not draw conclusions about the research, but just repeat what other sources have said about the topic		
Sources	The blogger gathered extensive information from a variety of reliable sources outside the classroom. Cites the sources correctly.	The blogger gathered information from some reliable sources outside the classroom. Cites all the sources with no or very few minor errors.	Most of the information on the blog comes from the opinions. The blogger cites only one or two sources, or the citations have numerous errors.	The information of the blog is opinion, without any sources to back it up.		
Audience	My writing engages my readers. I ask good questions and describe interesting ideas to get my readers to respond.	I think about what my readers want to know and write my blog entries to answer their questions and concerns.	I try to think about my readers and answer their questions, but most of the time I just write about what I am interested in or what is easy to find.	Poor use of graphics or no graphics		

#### Rubric – Blog Post

Sound	Excellent use of sound and music to reinforce message	Sound and music are used to convey message. Audio is clear.	Some use of sound, but poor quality. Audience has trouble understanding	I rarely think about how my readers will respond to my blog. I write about what is interesting to me or is easy to find.
Voice	Writing shows the personality of the blogger and reflects a deep commitment to the topic.	Writing shows that the blogger care about the topic.	Writing sometimes shows that the blogger care about the topic.	Writing sounds like that the blogger is just completing an assignment without caring about the topic.

https://www.ffc8.org/cms/lib/CO01900636/Centricity/Domain/728/21\_Blog\_Rubric.pdf



## Assessment

Read and answer each statement carefully. Then, write the letter of the best answer on a separate sheet of paper.

1.	Mr. Ramos, a profe	essor in a University	y, is teaching online	to a number of
	students from diffe	erent parts of the co	ountry and overseas	using his uploaded
	videos about the d	ifferent parts and fu	unctions of the hum	an body. Which
	medium is being u	ised here?		
	A. 3D		C. Ubiquitous Lea	arning
	B. Massive Open C	Online Course	D. Wearable tech	nology
2.	are based on	connectivist learni	ng models that favo	rs collaboration as a
	form of active learn	ning.		
	A. cMOOCs	B. xMOOCs	C. Google	D. Yahoo
3.	Which of the follow	ving is NOT massive	e open online flatfor	m?
	A. Google	B. Coursera	C. Edx	D. Udacity
4.	are based on	traditional course s	tructures and make	use of established
	teaching approach	es and materials		
	A. cMOOCs	B. xMOOCs	C. Google	D. Yahoo
5.	enables stude	ents to work through	n the course materia	als and assessments at
	their own rates wh	ile also interacting	with a global learnin	ng community.
	A. Accessibility	B. Feasibility	C. Repetition	D. Self-paced
6.	Erwin is watching	a video about renov	vned Filipino scient	ists on his tablet in
	the assigned learn	ing station. Next, he	e will transfer to the	next learning station
	to watch the differ	ent Filipino folk dar	ices. Which medium	n is being used here?
	A. 3D		C. Ubiquitous Lea	arning
	B. Massive Open C	Online Course	D. Wearable tech	nology
7.	is an advanta	ge of MOOC in whic	ch a course runs two	o or three times a year,
	ensuring that stud	lents would not mis	s their chance	
	A. Accessibility		C. Repetition	
	B. Feasibility		D. Self-paced	
	~		-	

- 8. Mary Anne realized that she forgot to answer the guide questions in one of the learning stations in the Science class. She decided to log in to her account as soon as she got home. Which characteristic of ubiquitous learning is shown in the situation?
  - A. Accessibility

- C. Interactivity
- B. Permanency
- D. Adaptability
- 9. Which of the following is NOT an advantage of Mass Open Online Course?
  - A. Teaching in a modern video format
  - B. Courses in a true online format
  - C. Online interaction between learners and teachers
  - D. Uses paper and pencil test in evaluating students
- 10. Who invented the concept of Massive Open Online Course or MOOC in 2008?
  - A. Bill Gates

C. Mark Zuckerberg

B. Dave Cormier

D. Jeff Bezos



## Answer Key

A .01 D.01		¥
8 D 2 C 9 V	<b>Activity I.2</b> Ariwers may vary.	В В D
2 D 4 B 3 ∀ 7 H	<b>Activity I.I</b> Answers may vary.	D D ∀ B C C
Assessment I. B 2. A	этоМ г'іяйW	<b>wonat I Кпоw</b> С В

## References

Pantelidis V. (2009). Reasons to Use Virtual Reality in Education and Training Courses and a Model to Determine When to Use Virtual Reality. THEMES IN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY EDUCATION Special Issue, Pages 59-70

http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1.97.9516&rep=rep1&type=pdf

https://www.ffc8.org/cms/lib/CO01900636/Centricity/Domain/728/21\_Blog\_Rubric .pdf

https://www.igniteengineers.com/mooc-advantages-and-disadvantages/

https://www.lifewire.com/an-introduction-to-smart-watches-3441381

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/271841177\_MOOCs\_Expectations\_and\_re ality

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/289290348\_The\_State\_of\_MOOCs\_from\_2 008\_to\_2014\_A\_Critical\_Analysis\_and\_Future\_Visionshttp://www.slideshare.net/mobi le/arnielping/9-media-and-media-information-literacy-mil-current-and-future-trends-in-media-and information

https://whatis.techtarget.com/definition/massively-open-online-course-MOOC

https://www.wisegeek.com/what-is-ubiquitous-learning.htm

#### For inquiries or feedback, please write or call:

Department of Education – (Bureau of Learning Resources)

DepEd Complex, Meralco Ave., Pasig City, Metro Manila

Telefax: (+63 2) 8636 1663 | 8633 1942 | 8635-9817 | 8638-7530 | 8638-7531 | 8638-7529 | (+63 919) 456 0027 | (+63 995) 921 8461

Email Address: action@deped.gov.ph